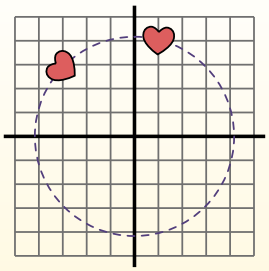
Rotate each shape. Answer as the new coordinates.

θ = Angle of Rotation

Rotation Formula
x1 = x×cos(θ) - y×sin(θ)
y1 = x×sin(θ) + y×cos(θ)

In the example to the right the shape is at coordinates (1,4). Lets find the coordinates if we rotated the shape 60°.



1. x1 = 1×cos(60) - 4×sin(60)
y1 = 1×sin(60) + 4×cos(60)

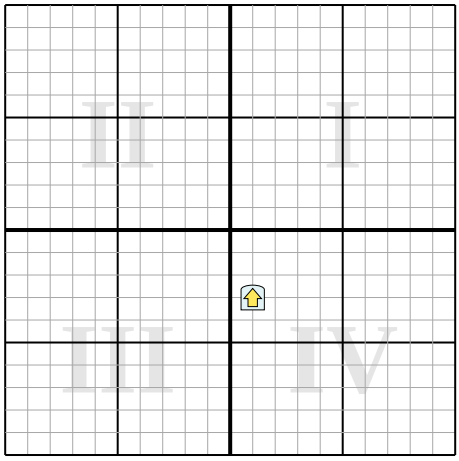
2. x1 = 1×0.5 - 4×0.87
y1 = 1×0.87 + 4×0.5

3. x1 = 0.5 - 3.48
y1 = 0.87 + 2

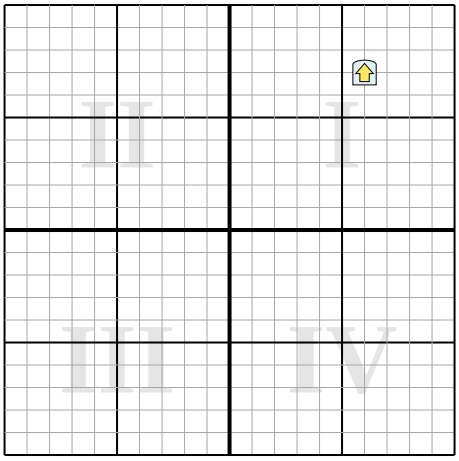
4. x1 = -2.98
y1 = 2.87

5. Looking at shape, we can see that rotated 60° it is at (-2.98 , 2.87).

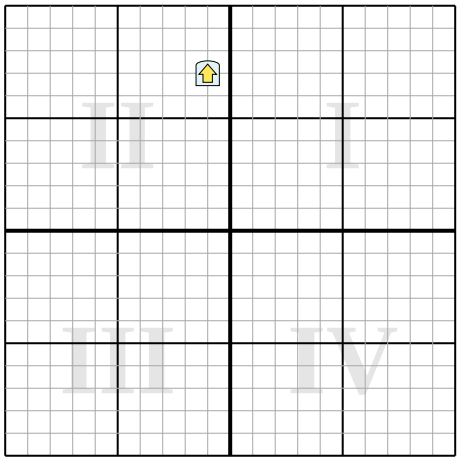
1) Rotate the shape 255° around the point (0,0).



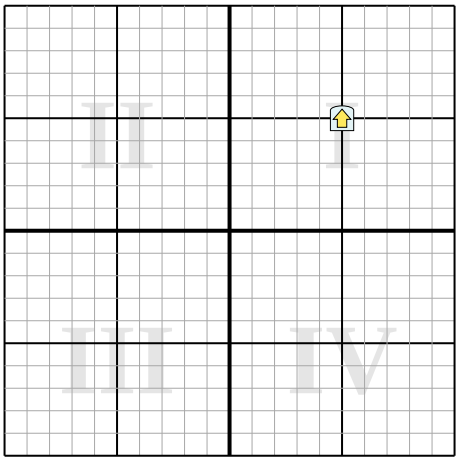
2) Rotate the shape 95° around the point (0,0).



3) Rotate the shape -55° around the point (0,0).



4) Rotate the shape -34° around the point (0,0).



Answers

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

1-4	75	50	25	0

Rotate each shape. Answer as the new coordinates.

θ = Angle of Rotation

Rotation Formula
x1 = x×cos(θ) - y×sin(θ)
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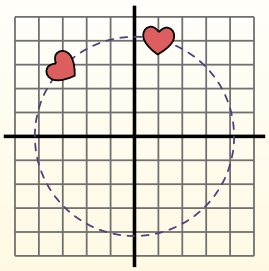
In the example to the right the shape is at coordinates (1,4). Lets find the coordinates if we rotated the shape 60°.



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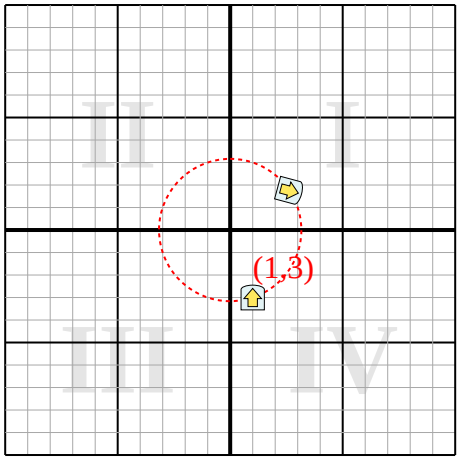
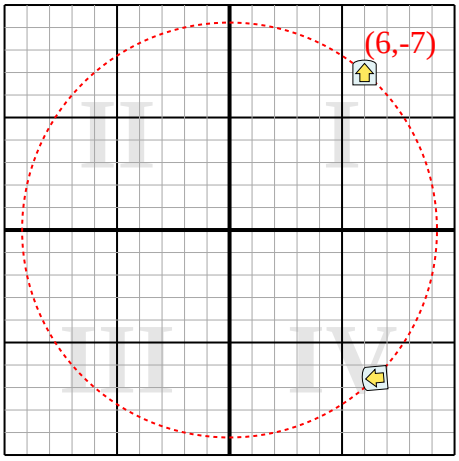


2) Rotate the shape 95° around the point (0,0).



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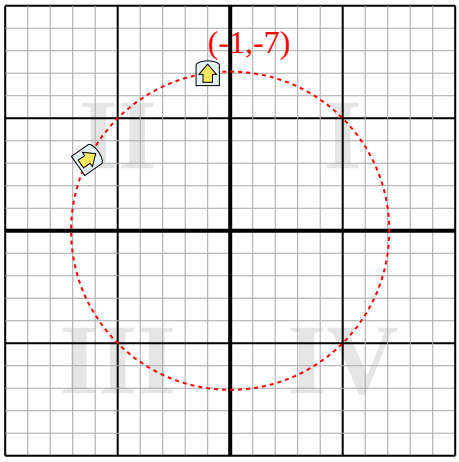

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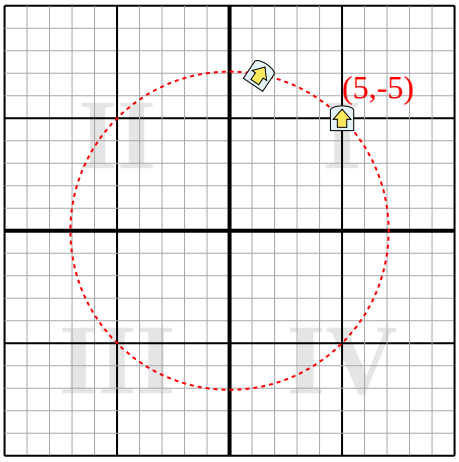

Answers

1. **(2.6,1.7)**
2. **(6.5,-6.6)**
3. **(-6.3,3.2)**
4. **(1.3,6.9)**

1-4	75	50	25	0