



For each system of equations determine the point of intersection in a graph.

Answers

1)
$$\begin{cases} y = 3.75x + 7 \\ y = 2.75x + 3 \end{cases}$$

2)
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.5x - 1 \\ y = 4.5x + 7 \end{cases}$$

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

3)
$$\begin{cases} y = -0.5x + 5 \\ y = 1.5x - 3 \end{cases}$$

4)
$$\begin{cases} y = 1.5x + 8 \\ y = -2.75x - 9 \end{cases}$$

5)
$$\begin{cases} y = -1.75x + 0 \\ y = -3.5x + 7 \end{cases}$$

6)
$$\begin{cases} y = -2.5x - 4 \\ y = 0.5x + 2 \end{cases}$$

7)
$$\begin{cases} y = -0.6x - 5 \\ y = 1.8x + 7 \end{cases}$$

8)
$$\begin{cases} y = 1.75x - 2 \\ y = 2.75x + 2 \end{cases}$$

9)
$$\begin{cases} y = -4.25x + 8 \\ y = -0.25x - 8 \end{cases}$$

10)
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.75x + 1 \\ y = 2.75x + 9 \end{cases}$$



For each system of equations determine the point of intersection in a graph.

Answers

1) $\begin{cases} y = 3.75x + 7 \\ y = 2.75x + 3 \end{cases}$
 $3.75x + 7 = 2.75x + 3$
 $1x = -4$
 $1x = -4$
 $y = (3.75 \times -4) + 7$
 $y = (2.75 \times -4) + 3$

2) $\begin{cases} y = 0.5x - 1 \\ y = 4.5x + 7 \end{cases}$
 $0.5x - 1 = 4.5x + 7$
 $-4x = 8$
 $1x = -2$
 $y = (0.5 \times -2) - 1$
 $y = (4.5 \times -2) + 7$

3) $\begin{cases} y = -0.5x + 5 \\ y = 1.5x - 3 \end{cases}$
 $-0.5x + 5 = 1.5x - 3$
 $-2x = -8$
 $1x = 4$
 $y = (-0.5 \times 4) + 5$
 $y = (1.5 \times 4) - 3$

4) $\begin{cases} y = 1.5x + 8 \\ y = -2.75x - 9 \end{cases}$
 $1.5x + 8 = -2.75x - 9$
 $4.25x = -17$
 $1x = -4$
 $y = (1.5 \times -4) + 8$
 $y = (-2.75 \times -4) - 9$

5) $\begin{cases} y = -1.75x + 0 \\ y = -3.5x + 7 \end{cases}$
 $-1.75x + 0 = -3.5x + 7$
 $1.75x = 7$
 $1x = 4$
 $y = (-1.75 \times 4) + 0$
 $y = (-3.5 \times 4) + 7$

6) $\begin{cases} y = -2.5x - 4 \\ y = 0.5x + 2 \end{cases}$
 $-2.5x - 4 = 0.5x + 2$
 $-3x = 6$
 $1x = -2$
 $y = (-2.5 \times -2) - 4$
 $y = (0.5 \times -2) + 2$

7) $\begin{cases} y = -0.6x - 5 \\ y = 1.8x + 7 \end{cases}$
 $-0.6x - 5 = 1.8x + 7$
 $-2.4x = 12$
 $1x = -5$
 $y = (-0.6 \times -5) - 5$
 $y = (1.8 \times -5) + 7$

8) $\begin{cases} y = 1.75x - 2 \\ y = 2.75x + 2 \end{cases}$
 $1.75x - 2 = 2.75x + 2$
 $-1x = 4$
 $1x = -4$
 $y = (1.75 \times -4) - 2$
 $y = (2.75 \times -4) + 2$

9) $\begin{cases} y = -4.25x + 8 \\ y = -0.25x - 8 \end{cases}$
 $-4.25x + 8 = -0.25x - 8$
 $-4x = -16$
 $1x = 4$
 $y = (-4.25 \times 4) + 8$
 $y = (-0.25 \times 4) - 8$

10) $\begin{cases} y = 0.75x + 1 \\ y = 2.75x + 9 \end{cases}$
 $0.75x + 1 = 2.75x + 9$
 $-2x = 8$
 $1x = -4$
 $y = (0.75 \times -4) + 1$
 $y = (2.75 \times -4) + 9$

1. **$(-4, -8)$**
2. **$(-2, -2)$**
3. **$(4, 3)$**
4. **$(-4, 2)$**
5. **$(4, -7)$**
6. **$(-2, 1)$**
7. **$(-5, -2)$**
8. **$(-4, -9)$**
9. **$(4, -9)$**
10. **$(-4, -2)$**