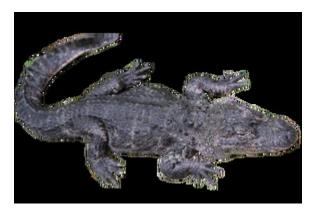
Imagine a creature with a strong, scaled body, sharp teeth, and a snout that's simply unforgettable: that's the Chinese alligator for you! This amazing creature, also known as the 'Yangtze alligator', is smaller than its American cousin, but don't let its size fool you. Its body is covered in hard, bumpy scales that are mostly dark grey or black, with a softer underbelly that's a creamy yellow. And did I mention they have around 80 teeth in their strong jaws? Now that's a toothy grin!



Taking a leap from their toothy grins, let's dive into the world where these fabulous creatures live. Chinese alligators are most at home in fresh water environments, like rivers, lakes, and marshes in eastern China. Unfortunately, due to habitat loss, there are now only a few hundred of these alligators left in the wild. But don't worry, many are being taken care of in zoos and breeding centers to help their population grow.

Speaking of growing, Chinese alligators have a fascinating life cycle. After a female lays her eggs, she guards them closely until they hatch, showing just how caring these creatures can be. Once the little alligators are born, they stick with their mom for a while, learning all the alligator tricks of the trade. These little alligators grow up to be quite the hunters, eating fish, snails, and even small mammals!



Now, you might be wondering how these alligators get along with other animals, including us humans. Chinese alligators are generally shy and prefer to stay away from people, but they can defend themselves if they need to with their strong tails and powerful jaws. They play an important role in their ecosystem, controlling the population of certain animals and helping to keep the environment balanced. So remember, while they might look scary, Chinese alligators are a unique and important part of our world's wildlife.



Solve each problem.

5010	Sorve each problem.				
	the article to answer the question. What color are Chinese alligator's scales? A. Green or brown	B. Yellow or brown			
	C. Blue or black	D. Dark grey or black			
	C. Dide of black	D. Dark grey of black			
2)	What is the Chinese alligator also known as?				
	A. The Chinese crocodile	B. The Beijing gator			
	C. The Asian alligator	D. The Yangtze alligator			
3)	Where do Chinese alligators live?				
,	A. Rivers, lakes, and marshes in eastern China	B. Bays, swamps, and marshes in southern China			
	C. Rivers, lakes, and forests in northern China	D. Estuaries, lagoons, and lakes in western China			
4)	What color is the underbelly of a Chinese alli	igator?			
-)	A. White	B. Orange			
	C. Yellow	D. Brown			
5)	Why are many Chinese alligators now in zoo	_			
	A. to perform in shows	B. to help their population grow			
	C. to protect them from predators	D. to be pets for people			
6)	Approximately how many teeth do Chinese A	Alligators have?			
	A. 120	B. 100			
	C. 50	D. 80			
7)	Approximately how many Chinese alligators are left in the wild?				
	A. A few dozen	B. A few hundred			
	C. Tens of thousands	D. A few thousand			
Q)	Who guards the Chinese alligator eggs till the	ay hatch?			
0)	A. Both, male and female alligators	B. The older sibling alligators			
	C. The female alligator	D. The male alligator			
	-				
9)	What do Chinese alligator babies eat?	D M			
	A. Birds, eggs, and insects	B. Nuts, roots, and bark			
	C. Grass, leaves, and fruits	D. Fish, snails, and small mammals			
10)	What is causing the decrease in wild Chinese	alligator populations?			
	A. disease	B. habitat loss			
	C. too much hunting	D. lack of food			

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "There are millions of us Chinese alligators in the wild."

	Chinese Alligator	Name:		
12)	"My kind is getting smaller in numbers, but there are lots of humans taking care of us."			
13)	"You can find my family in zoos, where they take care of us if we lose our home."			
14)	"My skin is usually dark grey or black, and my underbelly is creamy yellow, like ice- cream!"			
15)	"My scales are smooth and glossy, great for swimming!"			
16)	"We gather in groups of up to a thousand in the wild. It's one big alligator party out there!"			
17)	"My kids? Oh, they are independent from the moment they hatch."			
18)	"I'm a beach alligator. Seaside is my preferred living spot!"			

- **19**) "I'm a vegetarian and I only eat greens."
- 20) "My bumpy scales make my skin strong, and they help me blend in my home."
- 21) "I'm not much into hunting. I prefer a fruit-only diet!"
- **22)** "Did you know my snout is very special? It's what makes me different from other alligators."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 23) Chinese alligators eat fish, snails, and small mammals.
- 24) It is great that many Chinese alligators who lost their homes to habitat loss are being taken care of in zoos.
- 25) After a female Chinese alligator lays her eggs, she guards them until they hatch.
- **26**) The fact that Chinese alligators eat snails is disgusting.
- 27) Chinese alligators live in fresh water environments.
- **28)** Seeing a Chinese alligator in the wild would be a thrilling experience.
- **29**) The body of a chinese alligator is covered in hard, bumpy scales.
- **30)** There are currently only a few hundred Chinese alligators left in the wild.
- **31**) Chinese alligators being smaller than American ones makes them cuter.
- **32)** Chinese alligators are one of the most unique looking alligators in the world with their bumpy scales and snout.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **33**) Chinese alligators prefer to stay away from people.
- **34)** Chinese alligators are larger in size than American alligators.
- **35)** Chinese alligators have a soft underbelly.
- **36)** The underbelly of the Chinese alligator is grey or black.
- **37**) There are only a few hundred Chinese alligators left in the wild.
- **38)** Chinese alligators can only live in saltwater environments.
- **39)** Chinese alligators are mainly found in the Amazon rainforest.
- **40)** After the Chinese alligator babies are born they quickly leave the mother.
- **41**) Chinese alligators eat fish, snails, and small mammals.
- **42)** Chinese alligators are smaller than American alligators.

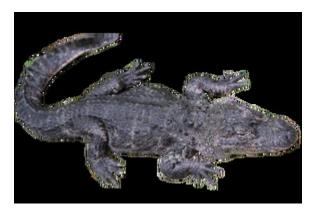


Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **43**) Chinese alligators have a lifespan of around 50 years.
- 44) How long can Chinese alligators submerge underwater?
- **45)** Chinese alligators mainly eat fish, turtles, and small mammals.
- **46)** Chinese alligators are an endangered species.
- **47)** Do Chinese alligators hibernate during winter?
- **48)** Where do Chinese alligators live?

		Chinese Alligat	tor Name:
1.	26.		
2.	27.		
3.	28.		
4.	29.		
5.	30.		
6.	31.		
7.	32.		
8.	33.		
9.	34.		
10.	35.		
11.	36.		
12.	37.		
13.	38.		
14.	39.		
15.	40.		
16.	41.		
17.	42.		
18.	43.		
19.	44.		
20.	45.		
21.	46.		
22.	47.		
23.	48.		
24.			
25.	Pooding		
	Reading www.Comm	onCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5

Imagine a creature with a strong, scaled body, sharp teeth, and a snout that's simply unforgettable: that's the Chinese alligator for you! This amazing creature, also known as the 'Yangtze alligator', is smaller than its American cousin, but don't let its size fool you. Its body is covered in hard, bumpy scales that are mostly dark grey or black, with a softer underbelly that's a creamy yellow. And did I mention they have around 80 teeth in their strong jaws? Now that's a toothy grin!



Taking a leap from their toothy grins, let's dive into the world where these fabulous creatures live. Chinese alligators are most at home in fresh water environments, like rivers, lakes, and marshes in eastern China. Unfortunately, due to habitat loss, there are now only a few hundred of these alligators left in the wild. But don't worry, many are being taken care of in zoos and breeding centers to help their population grow.

Speaking of growing, Chinese alligators have a fascinating life cycle. After a female lays her eggs, she guards them closely until they hatch, showing just how caring these creatures can be. Once the little alligators are born, they stick with their mom for a while, learning all the alligator tricks of the trade. These little alligators grow up to be quite the hunters, eating fish, snails, and even small mammals!



Now, you might be wondering how these alligators get along with other animals, including us humans. Chinese alligators are generally shy and prefer to stay away from people, but they can defend themselves if they need to with their strong tails and powerful jaws. They play an important role in their ecosystem, controlling the population of certain animals and helping to keep the environment balanced. So remember, while they might look scary, Chinese alligators are a unique and important part of our world's wildlife.



Solve each problem.

Solve each problem.					
	the article to answer the question. What color are Chinese alligator's scales?				
	A. Green or brown	B. Yellow or brown			
	C. Blue or black	D. Dark grey or black			
2)	What is the Chinese alligator also known as?				
	A. The Chinese crocodile	B. The Beijing gator			
	C. The Asian alligator	D. The Yangtze alligator			
3)	Where do Chinese alligators live?				
- /	A. Rivers, lakes, and marshes in eastern China	B. Bays, swamps, and marsl southern China	nes in		
	C. Rivers, lakes, and forests in northern China	D. Estuaries, lagoons, and la western China	lkes in		
4)	What color is the underbelly of a Chinese all	ator?			
	A. White	B. Orange			
	C. Yellow	D. Brown			
5)	Why are many Chinese alligators now in zoo	and breeding centers?			
- /	A. to perform in shows	B. to help their population g	row		
	C. to protect them from predators	D. to be pets for people			
6)	Approximately how many teeth do Chinese A	lligators have?			
	A. 120	B. 100			
	C. 50	D. 80			
7)	Approximately how many Chinese alligators are left in the wild?				
·	A. A few dozen	B. A few hundred			
	C. Tens of thousands	D. A few thousand			
8)	Who guards the Chinese alligator eggs till the	y hatch?			
	A. Both, male and female alligators	B. The older sibling alligato	rs		
	C. The female alligator	D. The male alligator			
9)	What do Chinese alligator babies eat?				
	A. Birds, eggs, and insects	B. Nuts, roots, and bark			
	C. Grass, leaves, and fruits	D. Fish, snails, and small ma	ammals		
10)	What is causing the decrease in wild Chinese	alligator populations?			
,	A. disease	B. habitat loss			
	C. too much hunting	D. lack of food			

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "There are millions of us Chinese alligators in the wild."

	Chinese Alligator	Name:	Answer	Key			
12)	2) "My kind is getting smaller in numbers, but there are lots of humans taking care of us."						
13)	"You can find my family in zoos, where they take care of us if we lose our ho	ome."					
14)	"My skin is usually dark grey or black, and my underbelly is creamy yellow, like ice- cream!"						
15)	"My scales are smooth and glossy, great for swimming!"						
16)	"We gather in groups of up to a thousand in the wild. It's one big alligator party out there!"						
17)	"My kids? Oh, they are independent from the moment they hatch."						
18)	"I'm a beach alligator. Seaside is my preferred living spot!"						
19)	"I'm a vegetarian and I only eat greens."						
20)	"My bumpy scales make my skin strong, and they help me blend in my home."						
21)	"I'm not much into hunting. I prefer a fruit-only diet!"						
22)	"Did you know my snout is very special? It's what makes me different from other alligators."						
Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.							
23)	Chinese alligators eat fish, snails, and small mammals.						
24)	It is great that many Chinese alligators who lost their homes to habitat loss are care of in zoos.	e being ta	ken				
25)	After a famala Chinaga alligator lave har aggs, she guards them until they hat	ah					

- 25) After a female Chinese alligator lays her eggs, she guards them until they hatch.
- **26)** The fact that Chinese alligators eat snails is disgusting.
- 27) Chinese alligators live in fresh water environments.
- **28)** Seeing a Chinese alligator in the wild would be a thrilling experience.
- **29)** The body of a chinese alligator is covered in hard, bumpy scales.
- **30)** There are currently only a few hundred Chinese alligators left in the wild.
- **31**) Chinese alligators being smaller than American ones makes them cuter.
- **32)** Chinese alligators are one of the most unique looking alligators in the world with their bumpy scales and snout.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **33**) Chinese alligators prefer to stay away from people.
- **34)** Chinese alligators are larger in size than American alligators.
- **35**) Chinese alligators have a soft underbelly.
- **36)** The underbelly of the Chinese alligator is grey or black.
- **37**) There are only a few hundred Chinese alligators left in the wild.
- **38**) Chinese alligators can only live in saltwater environments.
- **39**) Chinese alligators are mainly found in the Amazon rainforest.
- **40)** After the Chinese alligator babies are born they quickly leave the mother.
- **41**) Chinese alligators eat fish, snails, and small mammals.
- **42**) Chinese alligators are smaller than American alligators.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **43**) Chinese alligators have a lifespan of around 50 years.
- 44) How long can Chinese alligators submerge underwater?
- **45**) Chinese alligators mainly eat fish, turtles, and small mammals.
- **46**) Chinese alligators are an endangered species.
- **47)** Do Chinese alligators hibernate during winter?
- **48**) Where do Chinese alligators live?

			Chinese Alliga	tor	Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	opinion			
2.	D	27.	fact			
3.	Α	28.	opinion			
4.	С	29.	fact			
5.	В	30.	fact			
6.	D	31.	opinion			
7.	В	32.	opinion			
8.	C	33.	true			
9.	D	34.	false			
10.	В	35.	true			
11.	false	36.	false			
12.	true	37.	true			
13.	true	38.	false			
14.	true	39.	false			
15.	false	40.	false			
16.	false	41.	true			
17.	false	42.	true			
18.	false	43.	declarative			
19.	false	44.	interrogative			
20.	true	45.	declarative			
21.	false	46.	declarative			
22.	true	47.	interrogative			
23.	fact	48.	interrogative			
24.	opinion					
25.	fact					
	Reading	www.Commo	onCoreSheets.com	Page 4 of 4		



Chinese Alligator

Solve each problem. Use the article to answer the question. 1) What color are Chinese alligator's scales? (paragraph 1) A. Green or brown B. Yellow or brown C. D. Dark grey or black 2) What is the Chinese alligator also known as? (paragraph 1) A. The Chinese crocodile B. The Beijing gator C. D. The Yangtze alligator 3) Where do Chinese alligators live? (paragraph 2) A. Rivers, lakes, and marshes in eastern B. China C. D.

4) What color is the underbelly of a Chinese alligator? (paragraph 1) A. White B. Orange

C. Yellow D.

5) Why are many Chinese alligators now in zoos and breeding centers? (paragraph 2)

A. B. to help their population grow C. D.

6) Approximately how many teeth do Chinese Alligators have? (paragraph 1) **B.** 100 A. 120

D. 80 C. 7) Approximately how many Chinese alligators are left in the wild? (paragraph 2)

- B. A few hundred A. C. D.
- 8) Who guards the Chinese alligator eggs till they hatch? (paragraph 3)
- A. Both, male and female alligators B. The older sibling alligators C. The female alligator D.

9) What do Chinese alligator babies eat? (paragraph 3)

	А.	B. Nuts, roots, and bark
	С.	D. Fish, snails, and small mammals
10)	What is causing the decrease in wild Chinese	alligator populations? (paragraph 2)

A. disease B. habitat loss C. D.

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "There are millions of us Chinese alligators in the wild." (paragraph 2)



12) "My kind is getting smaller in numbers, but there are lots of humans taking care of us." (paragraph 2)

