Name:

Imagine an insect so cleverly disguised that you might mistake it for a twig. This is not a scene from a fantasy movie but a real-life creature known as the Australian walking stick. These fascinating creatures are long and slender, often brown or green, and perfectly blend into their surroundings. With their six legs, antennae and body that looks like a stick, they can fool even the keenest eyes.



Now, you might be wondering where these sneaky critters live. Australian walking sticks, as their name

suggests, are found in Australia, in the wild outback, and lush rainforests. They love hanging out on leaves and branches, which is not surprising considering their diet. They are herbivores, feasting on a variety of leaves, especially eucalyptus.

From being a tiny egg to a full-grown adult, the life cycle of Australian walking sticks is quite remarkable. A female lays her eggs in the branches of trees, and when they hatch, out pops a mini walking stick, called a nymph. These nymphs grow by shedding their skin, a process called molting. After several molts, the nymphs mature into adults with fully developed wings.

While we've seen how they live and grow, their relationship with other creatures is equally fascinating. Humans might find them intriguing because of their unique look and harmless nature. In the animal world though, they have a neat trick to avoid becoming dinner for birds and lizards - they play dead! This, along with their stick-like appearance, makes them different from most other insects.



So next time you're exploring the outdoors, keep an eye out for these masters of disguise. Remember, they might be closer than you think, munching on leaves or pretending to be a twig. From their diet and habitat to their unique defenses and life cycle, Australian walking sticks are truly one-of-akind creatures. Who knew that nature's most incredible magic shows could be performed by a creature as simple as a stick insect?



Australian Walking Stick

Solve each problem.

	the article to answer the question.	0	
1)	What color can an Australian walking stick b		
	A. blue or yellow		brown or green
	C. black or white	D.	red or purple
2)	What happens when a nymph of an Australian	n w	alking stick grows?
	A. They grow feathers and learn to fly.	В.	They dig a hole and hibernate for a
			year.
	C. They shed their skin, a process called molting.	D.	They split into two and become twins.
3)	What do Australian walking sticks eat?		
- /	A. nectar	B.	leaves
	C. blood	D.	insects
		- 1	- 1
4)	Where does a female Australian walking stick		In the branches of trees.
	A. In water bodies like ponds.C. In nests made of leaves.		
	C. In nests made of leaves.	D.	In holes in the ground.
5)	What does the Australian walking stick look	like	?
	A. Short and stubby, often red or blue.	В.	Long and slender, often brown or green.
	C. Small and round, often pink or yellow.	D.	Large and bulbous, often black or white.
6)	Where are Australian walking sticks found?		
- /	A. Antarctica	B.	Alaska
	C. Africa	D.	Australia
-	XX7 · 1 11 / 1 · 1 / / 1 · 11 ·		. 1 . 0
7)	Which word best describes Australian walkin	-	
			carnivores
	C. omnivores	D.	insectivores
8)	What is a baby Australian walking stick calle	d?	
	A. a larva	В.	a cub
	C. a pup	D.	a nymph
9)	What animals eat Australian walking sticks?		
-)	A. Cows and goats.	B.	Bears and coyotes.
	C. Birds and lizards.		Dogs and cats.
		- •	<u> </u>
10)	Do Australian walking stick have wings?	Б	
	A. yes only adults		yes only females
	C. yes only nymphs	D.	yes only males

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

1-10										
11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0

	Australian Walking Stick Name:
11)	"To keep safe from birds and lizards, I pretend to be dead. And guess what? It works!"
12)	"My favorite place to live is in the wild outback and the rainforests."
13)	"Despite my name, I do not live in Australia."
14)	"I don't get my wings until I'm an adult. Before that I'm just a wingless smaller version of myself."
15)	"Mmm I savour the taste of eucalyptus leaves. They're my favourite!"
16)	"I'm born as a nymph, a tiny walking stick."
17)	"Lizards and birds avoid me."
18)	"My long, slender body and green or brown color makes it easy for me to hide."
19)	"As I grow, I shed my skin over and over. After several shedding, I turn into an adult."
20)	"I love to play in snow."
21)	"I was born with fully formed wings."
22)	"My life starts as a tiny egg laid in the branches of trees."
23)	"G'day mate! As you may have guessed, I'm from Australia."
24)	

- 24) "I crave for some fresh meat now and then."
- 25) "My eggs are laid in the desert."
- 26) "While I may look scary, don't worry, I'm mostly harmless to humans."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) The life cycle of Australian walking sticks starts from an egg.
- 28) The Australian outback where Australian walking sticks live is way too hot.
- 29) Australian walking sticks diet mainly consists of leaves, particularly eucalyptus.
- **30)** Australian walking sticks are the most unique looking insects.
- **31)** Australian walking sticks are native to Australia.
- 32) It takes a long time for a walking stick to become an adult.
- **33)** To avoid predators, Australian walking sticks might play dead.
- 34) Australian walking sticks usually live on leaves and branches.
- **35)** Australian walking sticks have the best disguise among all insects.
- **36)** The Australian walking stick's way of playing dead to avoid predators is the best survival technique.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 37) Australian walking sticks love to eat eucalyptus leaves.
- **38)** Australian walking sticks nymphs go into cocoons before emerging fully grown.
- **39)** Australian walking sticks are herbivores.
- **40)** Australian walking sticks are only found in Asia.
- 41) To avoid being eaten, Australian walking sticks will often play dead.
- 42) Australian walking sticks mostly eat small insects.
- **43)** Australian walking sticks only have four legs.

	Australian Walkin	ng Stick	Name:
44)	Australian walking sticks will eat lizards and sm	nall birds.	
45)	Australian walking sticks live in Australia.		
46)	Birds see Australian walking sticks as meal.		
Det	ermine which choice is the expanded form of the	ne underlined contraction.	
47)	They <u>don't</u> bite or sting, so they're safe to have a		
,	• • •	. do not	
	C. did not D	. will not	
48)	Their moms lay tiny eggs that'll hatch into little	nymphs	
10)		. that is	
	C. that can D	. that does	
49)	Australian Walking Sticks can't fly like some oth	her stick insects.	
,	C	. could	
	C. will not D	. cannot	
50)	<u>It's</u> tough to spot them because of their amazing	camouflage.	
,		. It was	
	C. It could D	. It has	
51)	They're herbivores and love to eat eucalyptus lea	aves.	
,		. They were	
	C. They are D	. They have	
Det	ermine if the sentence is a declarative(d), excla	matory(e), interrogative(i)	or

- imperative(m).
- 52) Australian walking sticks are not harmful to humans.
- **53**) The way Australian walking sticks regenerate their lost limbs during molting is absolutely incredible!
- 54) Australian walking sticks have long, thin bodies that resemble sticks or twigs.
- 55) Are Australian walking sticks insects?
- **56)** Do Australian walking sticks have wings?
- **57**) It's unbelievable how perfectly Australian walking sticks can camouflage with their environment!
- **58)** Australian walking sticks feed on leaves and plants.
- **59**) What do Australian walking sticks eat?
- 60) It's amazing that Australian walking sticks can grow up to 8 inches long!

		Australian	Walking Stick	Name:	
1.		26	51.		
2.		27	52.		
3.		28	53.		
4.		29	54		
5.		30.	55		
6.		31	56		
7.		32.	57		
8.		33	58		
9.		34	59		
10.		35	60		
11.		36.			
12.		37			
13.		38			
14.		39			
15.		40.			
16.		41.			
17.		42.			
18.		43.			
19.		44			
20.		45.			
21.		46			
22.		47			
23.		48			
24.		49			
25.		50			
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Solve each problem.

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6)	Where are Australian walking sticks found?		
	A. Antarctica	B.	Alaska
	C. Africa	D.	Australia
7)	Which word best describes Australian walkin	g st	icks?
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	A. a larva	B.	a cub
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	Angetanling Welling Stick	NT		Vor			
		Name:	Answer	Key			
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47)	They <u>don't</u> bite or sting, so they're safe to have	ar	ound.			
	A. does not	3.	do not			
	C. did not	Э.	will not			
48)	Their moms lay tiny eggs that'll hatch into little	e n	ymphs.			
	A. that will	3.	that is			
	C. that can	Э.	that does			
49)	Australian Walking Sticks can't fly like some o	th	er stick insects.			
	A. can	3.	could			
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		Aus	stralian Walkin	g Stick		Name:	Answer	Key
1.	В	26.	true	51.	С			
2.	С	27	fact	52.	declarative			
3.	В	28.	opinion	53.	exclamatory	_		
4.	B	29.	fact	54.	declarative			
5.	B	30.	opinion	55.	interrogative			
6.	D	31	fact	56.	interrogative			
7.	A	32	opinion	57.	exclamatory			
8.	D	33.	fact	58.	declarative			
9.	<u> </u>	34	fact	59.	interrogative			
10.	A	35.	opinion	60.	exclamatory			
11.	true	36.	opinion					
12.	true	37	true					
13.	false	38.	false					
14.	true	39.	true					
15.	true	40	false					
16.	true	41	true					
17.	false	42.	false					
18.	true	43.	false					
19.	true	44	false					
20.	false	45.	true					
21.	false	46	true					
22.	true	47	В					
23.	true	48	Α					
24.	false	49.	D					
25.	false	50	Α					
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Australian Walking Stick

Solve each problem.

Use	the article to answer the question.	
1)	What color can an Australian walking stick b	e? (paragraph 1)
	А.	B. brown or green
	С.	D.
2)	What happens when a nymph of an Australia A. They grow feathers and learn to fly.	n walking stick grows? (paragraph 3) B. They dig a hole and hibernate for a year.
	C. They shed their skin, a process called molting.	D.
3)	What do Australian walking sticks eat? (paragra	aph 2)
,	A. nectar	B. leaves
	С.	D.
4)	Where does a female Australian walking stick	k lav her $eggs^{9}$ (paragraph 3)
-)	A.	B. In the branches of trees.
	С.	D.
5)	What does the Australian walking stick look	like? (paragraph 1)
c)	A. Short and stubby, often red or blue.	B. Long and slender, often brown or
		green.
	С.	D.
6)	Where are Australian walking sticks found?	paragraph 2)
	A. Antarctica	В.
	С.	D. Australia
7)	Which word best describes Australian walking	g sticks? (paragraph 2)
	A. herbivores	B. carnivores
	С.	D
		D.
8)	What is a baby Australian walking stick calle	
8)	What is a baby Australian walking stick calle A. a larva	
8)	•	d? (paragraph 3)
8) 9)	A. a larva	ed? (paragraph 3) B. D. a nymph
,	A. a larva C.	ed? (paragraph 3) B. D. a nymph
,	A. a larvaC.What animals eat Australian walking sticks?	ed? (paragraph 3) B. D. a nymph (paragraph 4)
9)	A. a larvaC.What animals eat Australian walking sticks?A. Cows and goats.	ed? (paragraph 3) B. D. a nymph (paragraph 4) B. D.
9)	A. a larvaC.What animals eat Australian walking sticks?A. Cows and goats.C. Birds and lizards.	ed? (paragraph 3) B. D. a nymph (paragraph 4) B. D.
9)	 A. a larva C. What animals eat Australian walking sticks? A. Cows and goats. C. Birds and lizards. Do Australian walking stick have wings? (parallelian walking stick have wings?) 	ed? (paragraph 3) B. D. a nymph (paragraph 4) B. D. graph 3)

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



Australian Walking Stick

- 11) "To keep safe from birds and lizards, I pretend to be dead. And guess what? It works!" (paragraph 4)
- 12) "My favorite place to live is in the wild outback and the rainforests." (paragraph 2)