



Welcome to the fascinating world of skinks! These little creatures are a type of lizard, and they come in all different colors like shiny blue, green, brown and even gold. Some skinks have teeny tiny legs, while others have no legs at all and look like slithery snakes. Their bodies are long and smooth, and if you ever see one, you might notice their shiny scales and little alert eyes looking back at you.



Speaking of seeing a skink, you'd have to look in all sorts of places around the world. Skinks like to live in a variety of habitats, from hot deserts to lush forests, and some even like to dig burrows in the ground. Australia is a place with lots of skinks, but you can also find them in Africa, Asia, and the Americas. So keep your eyes peeled wherever you are, there might be a skink nearby!

If you're wondering what these globe-trotting skinks like to eat, it's mostly insects and other small creatures. Skinks have sharp little teeth that they use to catch and munch on their food. They are a friend to gardeners as they help control the population of pests. But they need to watch out for bigger animals that might think skinks are a tasty snack!



Now that we've learned about their lifestyle, let's delve into some cool skink facts. Did you know that when a skink feels threatened, it can drop its tail as a distraction for the predator? And guess what? The lost tail grows back after some time, isn't that cool? So, skinks are not just cool to look at, they're also super tricky and have a few surprises up their sleeves!



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) What kind of creatures are skinks?
 - A. A type of bird
 - B. A type of lizard
 - C. A type of mammal
 - D. A type of fish
- 2) What happens when a skink feels threatened?
 - A. It can stand on its hind legs
 - B. It can inflate its body
 - C. It can change its color
 - D. It can drop its tail
- 3) What do skinks help with in gardens?
 - A. They spread seeds around
 - B. They improve the quality of soil
 - C. They control the population of pests
 - D. They keep birds and owls away
- 4) What does a skink's body look like?
 - A. They are round and soft
 - B. They are thin and spiky
 - C. They are short and rough
 - D. They are long and smooth
- 5) What is interesting about some skinks legs?
 - A. They have no legs
 - B. They can grow 6 legs
 - C. They are furry instead of scaly.
 - D. They let the skink jump up to 6' high
- 6) Where can you find lots of skinks?
 - A. Australia
 - B. Greenland
 - C. Arctic Circle
 - D. Antarctica
- 7) What body part can the skink regrow?
 - A. Its eye
 - B. Its tail
 - C. Its tongue
 - D. Its legs
- 8) What do skinks mostly eat?
 - A. Seeds and nuts
 - B. Insects and other small creatures
 - C. Other larger lizards
 - D. Plants and fruits
- 9) What type of teeth do skinks have?
 - A. Flat teeth
 - B. Sharp teeth
 - C. They do not have teeth
 - D. A mix of sharp and flat teeth

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 10) "We look like snakes and sometimes have tiny legs."
- 11) "You'll only find me in cold, snowy regions, far away from deserts or forests."
- 12) "Our tails can grow back if we drop them."
- 13) "You know what's weird about us skinks? Our bodies are covered in soft fur, instead of shiny scales."
- 14) "We live in different places around the world, even deserts and forests."



- 15) "We skinks prefer to build nests in trees."
- 16) "As skinks, our diet consists mostly of fruits and sweet nectar."
- 17) "My teeth are blunt and flat, perfect for grinding plants."
- 18) "If we feel threatened, we can drop our tail as a distraction."
- 19) "Unlike other skinks, I'm a vegetarian. I munch on leaves and fruits."
- 20) "You'll never find us skinks in Australia, we don't like it there!"
- 21) "Sure, I might look like a lizard, but I'm actually more closely related to turtles."
- 22) "We skinks are picky about where we live. You'll only find us in the arctic cold."
- 23) "You can find us in Africa, Asia, and even the Americas."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 24) Some skinks have no legs and look more like snakes.
- 25) Watching skinks run with their swift little legs is really entertaining.
- 26) When threatened, a skink can drop its tail to distract predators.
- 27) The ability of skinks to drop their tails and grow them back is the most fascinating thing about them.
- 28) Skinks can live in a variety of environments, from deserts to forests.
- 29) It's incredible how skinks can live in different parts of the world, from hot deserts to lush forests.
- 30) A skink's body is covered with shiny scales that help to protect it.
- 31) Skinks can be found in various places around the world like Africa and Asia.
- 32) Skinks have the most beautiful colors out of all lizards.
- 33) It is weird that skinks have sharp teeth even though they are so small.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 34) Some skinks do not have legs.
- 35) Skinks are a type of frog.
- 36) Skinks are a type of lizard.
- 37) Skinks can only be found in Asia.
- 38) The body of a skink is smooth.
- 39) Skinks do not have any teeth.
- 40) Skinks only eat plants.
- 41) A skink's tail never grows back after it is lost.
- 42) The lost tail of a skink can grow back after some time.
- 43) Skinks can be found in Australia.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 44) Skinks use camouflage to blend in with their surroundings and avoid predators.
- 45) Do skinks have legs?



- 46) Skinks are known for their ability to shed their tails when threatened.
- 47) Skinks are found in various habitats, including forests, deserts, and grasslands.
- 48) Are skinks friendly?
- 49) What do skinks eat?



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| 1. <u> B </u> | 26. <u> fact </u> |
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| 3. <u> C </u> | 28. <u> fact </u> |
| 4. <u> D </u> | 29. <u> opinion </u> |
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| 6. <u> A </u> | 31. <u> fact </u> |
| 7. <u> B </u> | 32. <u> opinion </u> |
| 8. <u> B </u> | 33. <u> opinion </u> |
| 9. <u> B </u> | 34. <u> true </u> |
| 10. <u> true </u> | 35. <u> false </u> |
| 11. <u> false </u> | 36. <u> true </u> |
| 12. <u> true </u> | 37. <u> false </u> |
| 13. <u> false </u> | 38. <u> true </u> |
| 14. <u> true </u> | 39. <u> false </u> |
| 15. <u> false </u> | 40. <u> false </u> |
| 16. <u> false </u> | 41. <u> false </u> |
| 17. <u> false </u> | 42. <u> true </u> |
| 18. <u> true </u> | 43. <u> true </u> |
| 19. <u> false </u> | 44. <u> declarative </u> |
| 20. <u> false </u> | 45. <u> interrogative </u> |
| 21. <u> false </u> | 46. <u> declarative </u> |
| 22. <u> false </u> | 47. <u> declarative </u> |
| 23. <u> true </u> | 48. <u> interrogative </u> |
| 24. <u> fact </u> | 49. <u> interrogative </u> |
| 25. <u> opinion </u> | |



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B. A type of lizard
C.
D.
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1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								