Did you know there are bugs that were once considered sacred in ancient Egypt? Those bugs are called scarab beetles and they have an extraordinary shiny armor that can be in different colors like green, brown, or even gold. They are small, usually less than 6 inches long, and have strong wings hidden under their hard shell. These beetles are famous for their unusual round shape, which makes them look like a tiny ball.

From being shaped like a little ball, let's roll into the life of scarab beetles. These little creatures love warm environments and you can find them in every continent except Antarctica. Just like us, they go through a life cycle - from being an egg, then a larva, a pupa, and finally, an adult beetle. Believe it or not, most of their life is spent as a larva, munching on a variety of things from plants, fruits, to even animal dung!

Speaking of munching on dung, scarab beetles have an interesting relationship with other animals and even humans. Some types of scarab



beetles, called dung beetles, play a big role in the environment by cleaning up animal waste. These beetles roll up the dung into a ball and carry it away to feed their young, which helps in recycling nutrients back into the soil. In ancient Egypt, people admired scarab beetles so much that they made jewelry and amulets in their shape.



Now that we've looked at their life and their importance, let's dive into how scarab beetles protect themselves. To avoid predators, these beetles can fly away or hide under the soil. Some scarab beetles have strong jaws which they can use to bite if they feel threatened. So there you have it, the scarab beetles aren't just shiny bugs, they are nature's little cleaners and ancient symbols of transformation.

	Scarah	Beetles Name:	
Sol	ve each problem.	beenes Name.	
	-		
	the article to answer the question. What is special about scarab beetles in hist	tory?	
1)	A. They were responsible for many	B. They were originally only found in	
	deaths in Europe	Antarctica.	
	C. They were once used as currency in	D. They were considered sacred in	
	Rome.	Egypt.	
2)	What is the first stage in a scarab beetles li	ife?	
,	A. Pupa	B. Adult Beetle	
	C. Larva	D. Egg	
3)	What is the size of scarab beetles?		
5)	A. Usually about a meter	B. They are around a foot long	
	C. Shorter than 6 inches	D. They are microscopic	
	Which choice is not a place search heatles	he found?	
4)	Which choice is not a place scarab beetles A. Europe	B. Africa	
	C. Asia	D. Antarctica	
	C. Asia	D. Antarctica	
5)	What type of scarab beetle is known for ea	-	
	A. June Bugs	B. Dung Beetles	
	C. Goliath Beetles	D. Rhinoceros Beetle	
6)	How do scarab beetles protect themselves	from predators?	
	A. They can fly away or hide under the	B. They disguise themselves as other	
	soil	bugs	
	C. They release a foul-smelling odor	D. They play dead	
7)	What stage does the scarab beetle spend m	lost of its life?	
	A. As an adult	B. As a pupa	
	C. As a larva	D. As an egg	
8)	Which do scarab beetle larvae NOT eat?		
	A. Fruits	B. Plants	
	C. Seeds	D. Dung	
9)	What feature do some scarab beetles have	to defend themselves?	
,	A. Venomous stinger	B. Sticky webs	
	C. Strong jaws to bite with	D. Sharp spikes on their shells	
		e animal would say (W) or it it is not something	
	animal would say (N).		

- 10) "I can't fly but I am a very quick crawler."
- 11) "In ancient Egypt, no one really cared much for us scarab beetles."
- 12) "To protect myself, I can bite if I need to!"

	Scarab Beetles Name:	
l <b>3</b> )	"My life begins as an egg, then I turn into a larva, to becoming a pupa, and finally, a mature beetle."	
14)	"I am really big, bigger than most insects."	
15)	"My cousin, the dung beetle, uses dung to feed their young. Yuck!"	
16)	"If danger's near, I can either hide under the soil or fly away using my strong wings!"	
17)	"I like cool environments and prefer to live in Antarctica."	
18)	"You can mostly find me in cold environments."	
19)	"I was born looking the same as my adult self, just smaller!"	
20)	"I was considered a symbol of destruction in ancient Egypt."	
21)	"My life mostly consists of eating, and as a larva, I munch on plants, fruits, and even animal dung."	
22)	"In ancient Egypt, I was so greatly admired that they made jewelry and amulets in my shape."	
23)	"My shiny shell comes in a whole range of colors like green, brown, or gold!"	
24)	"Some of us, called dung beetles, play a big role in cleaning up animal waste!"	
25)	"While growing up, I enjoy my adult stage the most as it's the longest part of my life."	
26)	"While my shell looks like a solid piece of armor, I actually use it to hide my wings."	
27)	"You can find my kind in every continent, except for the chilly Antarctica!"	
Dete	rmine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.	
	Most of the life of scarab beetles is spent as a larva, eating things like plants, fruits, and animal dung.	
29)	Scarab beetles are fascinating because they can be of different colors like green and brown.	
<b>30</b> )	Scarab beetles can be found on every continent except Antarctica.	
<b>51</b> )	Scarab beetles are incredible because they can fly and hide under the soil.	
<b>82</b> )	Scarab beetles can have different colors like green and brown.	
33)	It is interesting that a scarab beetle spends most of its life as a larva.	
<b>34</b> )	Scarab beetles can protect themselves by flying away or hiding under the soil.	
35)	Scarab beetles have strong wings that are hidden under their hard shell.	
36)	You would be amazed to see how tiny these Scarab beetles are.	
<b>37</b> )	Their round shape makes scarab beetles cuter than other insects.	
)ete	rmine if the statement is true or false.	
38)	Scarab beetles were once considered sacred in ancient Egypt.	
39)	Scarab beetles have no jaws and cannot bite.	
40)	Most of a scarab beetle's life is spent as a larva.	
41)	Scarab beetles are the largest beetles in the world.	
42)	Scarab beetles can fly away to escape predators.	
43)	Scarab beetles can be found on every continent.	

**43**) Scarab beetles can be found on every continent.

		Scarab Beetle	es Name:
<u>44</u> )	In ancient Egypt, people despised	scarab beetles.	
<b>45</b> )	Scarab beetles spend most of their	life as adults.	
<b>46</b> )	Scarab beetles have a hard shell.		
47)	Some scarab beetles clean up the	environment by	y rolling up animal waste.
Det	ermine which choice is the expand	led form of the	e underlined contraction.
	Scarab beetles <u>can't</u> fly very far, bu		
	A. will not	В.	cannot
	C. do not	D.	are not
<b>49</b> )	It's amazing how scarab beetles ca	n help the envi	ronment by breaking down waste.
	A. It is	B.	It was
	C. It has	D.	It does
50)	Scarab beetles aren't just found in	Egypt, <u>they're</u> f	found all over the world.
	A. they were	B.	they do
	C. they have	D.	they are
51)	These beetles don't just eat plants	and fruits, they	also eat decomposing materials.
	A. do not	В.	cannot
	C. are not	D.	will not
52)	Did you know there's a type of sca	rab beetle calle	ed the dung beetle?
	A. there were		there are
	C. there is	D.	there has
	ermine if the sentence is a declara erative(m).	tive(d), exclan	matory(e), interrogative(i) or
53)	The fact that some Scarab beetles	eat dung is disg	gusting!
54)	Understand why ancient Egyptian	s considered sc	carab beetles to be sacred.

- 55) What colors can scarab beetles be?
- **56)** The strength of scarab beetles is astonishing, they can lift over 1,000 times their own weight!
- 57) Scarab beetles have a long history with humans.
- 58) Do scarab beetles have wings?
- **59)** Scarab beetles are unique creatures with special skills.
- 60) Why were scarab beetles considered sacred in ancient Egypt?
- **61**) Scarab beetles help clean the planet by breaking down waste.
- 62) Research how scarab beetles play a vital role in the ecosystem by being decomposers.
- 63) It's amazing how scarab beetles were considered sacred in Ancient Egypt!
- **64)** Be careful not to disturb the scarab beetles' natural habitat.

		Sca	arab Beetles	Name:	
1.		26.	51.		
2.		27.	52.		
3.		28	53		
4.		29.	54		
5.		30.	55		
6.		31.	56		
7.		32.	57		
8.		33.	58		
9.		34.	59		
10.		35.	60		
11.		36.	61		
12.		37	62		
13.		38	63		
14.		39.	64		
15.		40.			
16.		41.			
17.		42.			
18.		43.			
19.		44			
20.		45.			
21.		46.			
22.		47			
23.		48			
24.		49.			
25.		50			
	Reading	www.CommonCoreS	Sheets.com Page 5 of 5		

Did you know there are bugs that were once considered sacred in ancient Egypt? Those bugs are called scarab beetles and they have an extraordinary shiny armor that can be in different colors like green, brown, or even gold. They are small, usually less than 6 inches long, and have strong wings hidden under their hard shell. These beetles are famous for their unusual round shape, which makes them look like a tiny ball.

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	Scarab Beetles Name: Answer Key										
<u>Sol</u>		been		vame:	Answer Key						
	Solve each problem.										
	the article to answer the question.										
1)	What is special about scarab beetles in histo	•									
	A. They were responsible for many deaths in Europe	В.	They were originally only for Antarctica.	und in							
	C. They were once used as currency in Rome.	D.	They were considered sacred Egypt.	in							
2)	What is the first stage in a scarab beetles lif	fe?									
	A. Pupa	B.	Adult Beetle								
	C. Larva	D.	Egg								
3)	What is the size of scarab beetles?										
	A. Usually about a meter		They are around a foot long								
	C. Shorter than 6 inches	D.	They are microscopic								
4)	Which choice is not a place scarab beetles b										
	A. Europe	В.	Africa								
	C. Asia	D.	Antarctica								
5)	What type of scarab beetle is known for eat	ing a	nimal waste?								
	A. June Bugs	В.	Dung Beetles								
	C. Goliath Beetles	D.	Rhinoceros Beetle								
6)	How do scarab beetles protect themselves f	rom p	predators?								
	A. They can fly away or hide under the	B.	They disguise themselves as	other							
	soil		bugs								
	C. They release a foul-smelling odor	D.	They play dead								
7)	What stage does the scarab beetle spend mo	ost of	its life?								
	A. As an adult	В.	As a pupa								
	C. As a larva	D.	As an egg								
8)	Which do scarab beetle larvae NOT eat?										
	A. Fruits	B.	Plants								
	C. Seeds	D.	Dung								
9)	What feature do some scarab beetles have t	o defe	end themselves?								
	A. Venomous stinger	B.	Sticky webs								
	C. Strong jaws to bite with	D.	Sharp spikes on their shells								
Det	termine if the statements is something the	anim	al would say (W) or it it is no	ot somet	hing						
the	the animal would say (N).										

**10**) "I can't fly but I am a very quick crawler."

11) "In ancient Egypt, no one really cared much for us scarab beetles."

12) "To protect myself, I can bite if I need to!"

	Course Doutlos		Vor				
13)	Scarab Beetles Name:	Answer	кеу				
13)	"My life begins as an egg, then I turn into a larva, to becoming a pupa, and finally, a mature beetle."						
14)	"I am really big, bigger than most insects."						
15)	"My cousin, the dung beetle, uses dung to feed their young. Yuck!"						
16)	"If danger's near, I can either hide under the soil or fly away using my strong wings!"						
17)	"I like cool environments and prefer to live in Antarctica."						
18)	"You can mostly find me in cold environments."						
<b>19</b> )	"I was born looking the same as my adult self, just smaller!"						
20)	"I was considered a symbol of destruction in ancient Egypt."						
21)	"My life mostly consists of eating, and as a larva, I munch on plants, fruits, and even animal dung."						
22)	"In ancient Egypt, I was so greatly admired that they made jewelry and amulets in my shape."						
23)	"My shiny shell comes in a whole range of colors like green, brown, or gold!"						
24)	"Some of us, called dung beetles, play a big role in cleaning up animal waste!"						
25)	"While growing up, I enjoy my adult stage the most as it's the longest part of my life."						
26)	"While my shell looks like a solid piece of armor, I actually use it to hide my wings."						
27)	"You can find my kind in every continent, except for the chilly Antarctica!"						
Dete	ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.						
28)	Most of the life of scarab beetles is spent as a larva, eating things like plants, fruits, and animal dung.	l					
29)	Scarab beetles are fascinating because they can be of different colors like green and brown.						
30)	Scarab beetles can be found on every continent except Antarctica.						
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Dete	ermine if the statement is true or false.						
38)	Scarab beetles were once considered sacred in ancient Egypt.						
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43)	Scarab beetles can be found on every continent.						

			<b>N</b> 7	Angreen Ver					
	Scarab Beetl		Name:	Answer Key					
44)	In ancient Egypt, people despised scarab beetles.								
45)	Scarab beetles spend most of their life as adults.								
<b>46</b> )	Scarab beetles have a hard shell.								
47)	Some scarab beetles clean up the environment b	y rolling up animal waste.							
Dete	Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.								
<b>48</b> )	Scarab beetles <u>can't</u> fly very far, but they're still j	pretty good at moving around	1.						
	A. will not B.	cannot							
	C. do not D.	are not							
<b>49</b> )	It's amazing how scarab beetles can help the envi	ironment by breaking down	waste.						
	A. It is B.	It was							
	C. It has D.	It does							
<b>50</b> )	Scarab beetles aren't just found in Egypt, they're	found all over the world.							
	A. they were B.	they do							
	C. they have D.	they are							
51)	These beetles <u>don't</u> just eat plants and fruits, they	v also eat decomposing mater	rials.						
	A. do not B.	cannot							
	C. are not D.	will not							
52)	Did you know there's a type of scarab beetle call	ed the dung beetle?							
	A. there were B.	there are							
	C. there is D.	there has							
	Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).								
53)	The fact that some Scarab beetles eat dung is dis	sgusting!							
54)	Understand why ancient Egyptians considered s	carab beetles to be sacred.							
55)	What colors can scarab beetles be?								

- **56**) The strength of scarab beetles is astonishing, they can lift over 1,000 times their own weight!
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- **64)** Be careful not to disturb the scarab beetles' natural habitat.

			Scarab Beetle	es		Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	true	51.	Α		
2.	D	27.	true	52.	С		
3.	C	28.	fact	53.	exclamatory		
4.	D	29.	opinion	54.	imperative	_	
5.	В	30.	fact	55.	interrogative	_	
6.	A	31	opinion	56.	exclamatory	_	
7.	С	32.	fact	57.	declarative		
8.	С	33.	opinion	58.	interrogative		
9.	C	34	fact	59.	declarative		
10.	false	35	fact	60.	interrogative		
11.	false	36.	opinion	61.	declarative		
12.	true	37	opinion	62.	imperative		
13.	true	38	true	63.	exclamatory		
14.	false	39.	false	64.	imperative	_	
15.	true	40.	true				
16.	true	41.	false				
17.	false	42.	true				
18.	false	43.	false				
19.	false	44	false				
20.	false	45.	false				
21.	true	46.	true				
22.	true	47	true				
23.	true	48.	В				
24.	true	49.	Α				
25.	false	50	D				
		ww.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page 4	4 of 4		

	Sourch S	Beetles	Nomo	
		Deetles	Name:	
501	ve each problem.			
	the article to answer the question.	2		
1)	What is special about scarab beetles in hist	•		
	A. They were responsible for many deaths in Europe	B. They were on Antarctica.	ginally only found in	
	С.	D. They were con Egypt.	nsidered sacred in	
2)	What is the first stage in a scarab beetles li	fe? (paragraph 2)		
	A. Pupa	B. Adult Beetle		
	С.	D. Egg		
3)	What is the size of scarab beetles? (paragraph	1)		
	A. Usually about a meter	В.		
	C. Shorter than 6 inches	D.		
4)	Which choice is not a place scarab beetles	be found? (paragraph 2)		
	A. Europe	В.		
	С.	D. Antarctica		
5)	What type of scarab beetle is known for ea	ting animal waste? (pa	ragraph 3)	
	A. June Bugs	B. Dung Beetles		
	С.	D.		
6)	How do scarab beetles protect themselves	from predators? (paragr	ph 4)	
	A. They can fly away or hide under the soil	В.		
	С.	D.		
7)	What stage does the scarab beetle spend m	ost of its life? (paragraph	2)	
	A. As an adult	В.		
	C. As a larva	D.		
8)	Which do scarab beetle larvae NOT eat? (p	aragraph 2)		
	A. Fruits	В.		
	C. Seeds	D.		
9)	What feature do some scarab beetles have	to defend themselves	(paragraph 4)	
	A. Venomous stinger	В.		
	C. Strong jaws to bite with	D.		

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

**10)** "I can't fly but I am a very quick crawler." (paragraph 4)



- 11) "In ancient Egypt, no one really cared much for us scarab beetles." (paragraph 3)
- 12) "To protect myself, I can bite if I need to!" (paragraph 4)

