Imagine a snake with a body so brightly colored, it looks like it's wearing a party costume! This is the Eastern Coral Snake, a small, thin snake with a head that barely stands out from its body. Its skin is covered with a pattern of red, yellow, and black bands that make it one of the most recognizable snakes in the world. But don't let its festive look fool you, this snake has a serious side too.

Speaking of serious, when it comes to mealtime, the Eastern Coral Snake is all business. Its favorite foods are small lizards and other snakes, which it catches using its short, fixed front fangs. The Eastern Coral Snake is a



connoisseur of the 'grab-and-hold' style of dining, which means it holds onto its food while injecting it with venom. Even though this might sound scary, it is just part of how the Eastern Coral Snake survives in the wild.

This wild habitat of theirs is mostly in the southeastern United States. They like to live in forested or marshy areas where they can hide under leaf litter or in burrows. Eastern Coral Snakes are oviparous, which means they lay eggs, with the babies, called hatchlings, born fully formed. These hatchlings grow into adults who shed their skin several times a year, a process known as molting.



Now, you might be thinking, 'Do Eastern Coral Snakes and humans get along?' Well, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans, but if they feel threatened, they can bite to defend themselves. Their venom is very potent, but bites are rare because these snakes would rather hide or run away. In nature, every creature has its place, and for the Eastern Coral Snake, that place is being a quiet, colorful part of the world's amazing biodiversity.



Eastern Coral Snake

Solve each problem.

Use	the article to answer the question.							
1)) What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several times a year?							
	A. Hibernate	В.	Grow new fangs					
	C. Shed their skin	D.	Change their color					
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?							
	A. In the southeastern United States.	B.	In the mountains of Asia.					
	C. In the rainforests of South America.	D.	In the deserts of Africa.					
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake	es li	ke to hide?					
- /	A. Under rocks or in caves		Under leaf litter or in burrows					
	C. In tree branches or in bird nests	D.	In water or in swampy areas					
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral snake a	affe	ct humans?					
-)	A. It is painless.		Coral snakes do not bite.					
	C. It is very dangerous.	D.	It causes temporary dizziness.					
5)	What is the name for the process in which East	otor	n Coral Snakes remove old skin?					
5)	A. Shedding		Exfoliating					
	C. Peeling		Molting					
-	<u> </u>		-					
6)	What is another term for the babies of Eastern							
	A. Pups.		Larvae.					
	C. Hatchlings.	D.	Fry.					
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the Ea	aste	rn Coral Snake?					
	A. Orange, black, and white	В.	Red, white, and blue					
	C. Red, yellow, and black	D.	Blue, green, and yellow					
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Snake	use	e to eat its food?					
	A. Grab and hold	В.	Stalk and pounce					
	C. Chase and conquer	D.	Hide and ambush					
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite for	od?						
	A. Nuts and seeds.	B.	Small lizards and other snakes.					
	C. Insects like spiders and ants.	D.	Birds and their eggs.					
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch its for	bod	?					
	A. Using its short, fixed front fangs.		By constricting its prey.					
	C. By using its long, sharp teeth.		By swallowing it whole.					
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefer fo	r th	eir habitat?					
. ,	A. Mountainous areas		Forested or marshy areas					
	C. Desert areas		Urban areas					

	H I	Eastern Coral St	nake Name:				
12)	12) Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards humans?						
	A. Only the females are aggres	ssive B.	No, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans.				
	C. Only the males are aggressi	ve D.	Yes, they are often aggressive towards humans.				
13)	Why are bites from Eastern Con	ral Snakes rare?					
	A. These snakes have poor ain	ı B.	These snakes are friendly and prefer not to bite				
	C. These snakes would rather away	hide or run D.	. These snakes lose their fangs with age				
	ermine if the statements is som animal would say (N).	ething the anima	al would say (W) or it it is not something				
14)	14) "Did you know we use our fangs to grab and hold our food while injecting it with venom?"						
15)	15) "You'll typically find me in icy, cold regions. I adore the snow!"						

- 16) "I enjoy eating a diet that mainly consists of fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "Once I grow into an adult, I never shed my skin again!"
- 18) "You could spot us from a mile away with our bright red, yellow, and black stripes."
- **19**) "When we are hungry, we like to munch on small lizards and, believe it or not, other snakes!"
- 20) "I prefer living on tree tops."
- 21) "I give live birth to my little ones. They come out wriggling and ready to explore the world."
- 22) "I have the mildest venom among snakes, harmless to humans!"
- 23) "Our babies, called hatchlings, are already fully formed when they are born."
- 24) "My venom isn't that powerful. A bite from me is similar to a bee sting."
- **25**) "Even though our venom is potent, we hardly ever bite humans because we prefer to hide or run away."
- 26) "I have large, retractable fangs that I use to catch my food."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin several times a year.
- **28)** It's interesting to watch an Eastern Coral Snake shed its skin.
- **29)** Eastern Coral Snakes prefer to hide under leaf litter or in burrows.
- **30)** Eastern Coral Snakes are beautiful creatures with their vibrant red, yellow, and black bands.
- **31**) Eastern Coral Snakes can be found in the southeastern part of the United States.
- **32)** It is disgusting that Eastern Coral Snakes will eat other snakes.
- **33**) Eastern Coral Snakes give birth to live young instead of laying eggs.
- **34)** Eastern Coral Snakes mostly live in forested or marshy areas.

Eastern Coral Snake

- **35**) It's impressive how the Eastern Coral Snake can hold its food and inject venom at the same time.
- **36)** It is surprising that the Eastern Coral Snake would rather hide or run away than bite humans.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 37) Eastern Coral Snakes are mostly found in the southeastern United States.
- **38)** Eastern Coral Snakes live in very tall trees in the rainforest.
- **39**) Eastern Coral Snakes live in forested or marshy areas.
- **40)** Eastern Coral Snakes are found in the northern United States.
- 41) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin every year.
- 42) Eastern Coral Snakes live in deserts.
- 43) Eastern Coral Snakes are very aggressive and seek out humans to bite.
- 44) Eastern Coral Snakes eat only plants.
- **45)** Eastern Coral Snakes prefer to avoid humans.
- **46**) Eastern Coral Snakes lay eggs.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **47)** Eastern coral snakes are great climbers and can be found in trees.
- **48)** Can eastern coral snakes swim?
- **49**) Eastern coral snakes are venomous.
- 50) Eastern coral snakes have red, yellow, and black colored bands on their bodies.
- 51) How do eastern coral snakes protect themselves?
- 52) Where do eastern coral snakes live?

		Eastern Coral S	nake	Name:	
1.	26.		51.		
2.	27.		52.		
3.	28.				
4.	29.				
5.	30.				
6.	31.				
7.	32.				
8.	33.				
9.	34.				
10.	35.				
11.	36.				
12.	37.				
13.	38.				
14.	39.				
15.	40.				
16.	41.				
17.	42.				
18.	43.				
19.	44.				
20.	45.				
21.	46.				
22.	47.				
23.	48.				
24.	49.				
25.	50.				
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Now, you might be thinking, 'Do Eastern Coral Snakes and humans get along?' Well, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans, but if they feel threatened, they can bite to defend themselves. Their venom is very potent, but bites are rare because these snakes would rather hide or run away. In nature, every creature has its place, and for the Eastern Coral Snake, that place is being a quiet, colorful part of the world's amazing biodiversity.



Name: Answer Key

Solve each problem.

Use	the article to answer the question.							
1)	1) What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several times a year?							
	A. Hibernate	В.	Grow new fangs					
	C. Shed their skin	D.	Change their color					
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?							
_)	A. In the southeastern United States.	B.	In the mountains of Asia.					
	C. In the rainforests of South America.	D.	In the deserts of Africa.					
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake	ag 17	ka ta hida?					
3)	A. Under rocks or in caves		Under leaf litter or in burrows					
	C. In tree branches or in bird nests		In water or in swampy areas					
	e. In the branches of in bird nests	D.	in water of in swampy areas					
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral snake a							
	A. It is painless.		Coral snakes do not bite.					
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5)	What is the name for the process in which Ea	ster	n Coral Snakes remove old skin?					
	A. Shedding		Exfoliating					
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6)	What is another term for the babies of Eastern	n Co	oral Snakes?					
0)	A. Pups.		Larvae.					
	C. Hatchlings.	D.	Fry.					
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the E	acta	rn Coral Snake?					
1)	A. Orange, black, and white		Red, white, and blue					
	C. Red, yellow, and black		Blue, green, and yellow					
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Snake							
	A. Grab and hold		Stalk and pounce					
	C. Chase and conquer	D.	Hide and ambush					
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite for	od?						
	A. Nuts and seeds.	В.	Small lizards and other snakes.					
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,	A. Using its short, fixed front fangs.		By constricting its prey.					
	C. By using its long, sharp teeth.		By swallowing it whole.					
11)								
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefer for A. Mountainous areas		Forested or marshy areas					
	C. Desert areas		Urban areas					
		D.	orban areas					

	Eastern Cor	ral Snake	Name:	Answer Key			
12) Are eastern of	coral snakes aggressive towards	s humans?					
A. Only the	females are aggressive	B. No, they are shy and humans.	l prefer to avoid				
C. Only the	males are aggressive	D. Yes, they are often a towards humans.	aggressive				
13) Why are bite	s from Eastern Coral Snakes ra	are?					
A. These sn	akes have poor aim	B. These snakes are friend not to bite	endly and prefer				
C. These sn away	akes would rather hide or run	D. These snakes lose th	neir fangs with ag	e			
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		I	Eastern Coral S	nake		Name:	Answer Key
1.	С	26.	false	51.	interrogative		
2.	A	27.	fact	52.	interrogative		
3.	В	28.	opinion				
4.	С	29.	fact				
5.	D	30.	opinion				
6.	С	31.	fact				
7.	С	32.	opinion				
8.	Α	33.	fact				
9.	B	34.	fact				
10.	A	35.	opinion				
11.	В	36.	opinion				
12.	B	37.	true				
13.	C	38.	false				
14.	true	<u> </u>	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	false	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	true	43.	false				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	false	45.	true				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	false	47.	declarative				
23.	true	48.	interrogative				
24.	false	49.	declarative				
25.	true	50.	declarative				
	Reading	www.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page 2	1 of 4		



Solve each problem.

Uso	the article to answer the question								
	Use the article to answer the question.1) What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several times a year? (paragraph 3)								
-)	A.	B. Grow new fangs							
	C. Shed their skin	D.							
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found? (paragraph 3)								
	A. In the southeastern United States.	В.							
	С.	D.							
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake	es like to hide? (paragraph 3)							
	А.	B. Under leaf litter or in burrows							
	С.	D.							
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral snake	affect humans? (paragraph 4)							
	А.	B. Coral snakes do not bite.							
	C. It is very dangerous.	D.							
5)	What is the name for the process in which Ea	stern Coral Snakes remove old skin? (paragraph 3)							
	A.	B. Exfoliating							
	С.	D. Molting							
6)	What is another term for the babies of Eastern	-							
•)	A. Pups.	B. Larvae.							
	C. Hatchlings.	D.							
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the E	astern Coral Snake? (paragraph 1)							
	A. Orange, black, and white	В.							
	C. Red, yellow, and black	D.							
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Snake	e use to eat its food? (paragraph 2)							
	A. Grab and hold	В.							
	С.	D.							
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite for	Od? (paragraph 2)							
,	А.	B. Small lizards and other snakes.							
	С.	D.							
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch its f	ood? (paragraph 2)							
	A. Using its short, fixed front fangs.	В.							
	С.	D.							
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefer for	or their habitat? (paragraph 3)							
	A. Mountainous areas	B. Forested or marshy areas							
	С.	D.							

	Easter	n Coral Snake	Name:			
12)	12) Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards humans? (paragraph 4)					
	A. Only the females are aggressive	B. No, they are shy a	and prefer to avoid			
		humans.				

D.

C.