



Imagine a bird that's as beautiful as the glimmering lakes and rivers it calls home, that's the North American goose for you! These big birds, with their grey bodies, black necks and white chins, are a common sight in parks and open fields across the continent. They are known for their distinctive "honk" sound, and a wingspan that can reach up to six feet wide! While they might seem ordinary, these birds are full of surprises!

Going from our introduction, let's dive into where these feathery friends spend their time. North American geese, also known as Canada geese, can be found all over North America, from the cool tundra of Canada to the warm meadows of Mexico. They make their homes near bodies of water, including lakes, ponds, and rivers, where there is plenty of grass for them to graze on. While they might seem like they're just enjoying the scenery, these birds are actually hard at work finding food and raising their young.

Speaking of raising young, have you ever wondered how a goose grows up? The life of a North American goose starts in an egg, which the mother goose will incubate for about a month. Once the fluffy yellow goslings hatch, they stay with their parents for the entire first year of their life, learning how to swim, eat, and fly. The geese family is quite strong, and they'll stick together to protect each other from predators.



This close bond is also a part of geese's relationship with other animals and humans. Sometimes, geese might seem a bit bossy, honking loudly and flapping their wings to keep other animals and people away from their territory. But don't worry, they're not trying to be mean, they're just protecting their family! So next time you see a North American goose, remember the journey it has taken from being a little gosling to the strong and protective bird it is today.

**Solve each problem.****Use the article to answer the question.**

- 1) What color is the body of a North American goose?
 - A. White
 - B. Grey
 - C. Brown
 - D. Black
- 2) What is the distinctive sound that North American geese make?
 - A. They make a "quack" sound.
 - B. They make a "chirp" sound.
 - C. They make a "roar" sound.
 - D. They make a "honk" sound.
- 3) Where can North American geese be found?
 - A. Only in Mexico
 - B. All over North America
 - C. Only in Canada
 - D. Only in USA
- 4) What color are goslings when they hatch?
 - A. White
 - B. Grey
 - C. Brown
 - D. Yellow
- 5) What color is the neck of a North American goose?
 - A. Black
 - B. Grey
 - C. White
 - D. Brown
- 6) How wide can the wingspan of a North American goose reach?
 - A. Up to six feet wide
 - B. Up to ten feet wide
 - C. Up to four feet wide
 - D. Up to three feet wide
- 7) How long does a mother goose incubate her eggs?
 - A. About a week
 - B. About a day
 - C. About a year
 - D. About a month
- 8) How long do goslings stay with their parents?
 - A. For the first day of their life
 - B. For the entire first year of their life
 - C. For the first week of their life
 - D. For the first month of their life
- 9) If you wanted to find a North American goose in the wild where is the best place to look?
 - A. On top of mountains.
 - B. Near ponds
 - C. By cactuses in the desert
 - D. Deep inside caves
- 10) What are North American geese protecting when they honk loudly and flap their wings?
 - A. Their homes
 - B. Their territory
 - C. Their family
 - D. Their food

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 11) "If I honk loudly or flap my wings at you, don't take it personally. I'm just trying to keep my territory safe."
- 12) "When I was newly hatched, I did not leave my parents' side for an entire year!"



- 13) "I prefer to live alone"
- 14) "One month in an egg and then I hatch - turning into a fluffy gosling!"
- 15) "My wings, when stretched out, can measure up to six feet wide. That's bigger than some humans!"
- 16) "You can find me everywhere in North America."
- 17) "I don't mind if people or other animals approach my territory."
- 18) "You often see us in parks and open fields. They're some of our favorite places to hang around."
- 19) "When we are born we're fluffy and yellow."
- 20) "I can't fly. I'm just a ground bird."
- 21) "I prefer to eat meat instead of grass."
- 22) "We geese protect each other from predators."
- 23) "You can tell I'm a North American goose by my grey body, black neck, and white chin."
- 24) "I hate the tundras of Canada, too cold for me."
- 25) "My favorite place to hang out is the desert."
- 26) "I'm always on the hunt for delicious grass, and lakes are my favorite place to find it."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) Geese families often stick together for protection from predators.
- 28) The black neck on North American geese makes them look a bit scary.
- 29) North American goslings spend their entire first year learning how to swim, eat, and fly under the care of their parents.
- 30) North American geese are the best birds because they can live and thrive in a wide range of environments.
- 31) The wingspan of a North American goose can reach up to six feet wide.
- 32) The fact that North American geese return to the same place every year to have babies is amazing.
- 33) Sometimes, North American geese make loud honking sounds and flap their wings to ward off other animals or humans from their territory.
- 34) These geese usually live near water bodies like lakes, rivers, and ponds.
- 35) The honk of a North American goose is the most obnoxious sound you will ever hear.
- 36) North American geese are the most beautiful birds with their grey bodies and black necks.

Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 37) Goslings stay with their parents for the first year of their life.
- 38) Geese flapping and honking is just them having fun.
- 39) The North American goose is also known as the Canada goose.
- 40) The North American geese do not have a tongue and are mute.
- 41) Geese make their homes near bodies of water.
- 42) North American geese are found only in Canada.



- 43) North American geese are mostly blue in color.
- 44) North American geese are solitary creatures and do not like to stay together.
- 45) A mother goose will incubate her eggs for about a month.
- 46) Geese can have a wingspan up to six feet wide.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 47) North American geese can fly long distances for migration.
- 48) Goose moms are incredibly protective over their babies, it's impressive!
- 49) Geese have excellent visual memory and can recognise landmarks and faces, how amazing is that!
- 50) Despite their size, geese are surprisingly swift in flight, reaching speeds of 60 mph, it's incredible!
- 51) The V-formation that geese fly in improves their aerodynamics, that's so smart!
- 52) Baby geese are called goslings.
- 53) Why do North American geese migrate?
- 54) North American geese can fly up to 3,000 miles for their migration, that's astonishing!
- 55) North American geese live near bodies of water such as lakes or ponds.
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- 57) Canadian Geese can lay up to 8 eggs at a time, imagine having that many siblings!
- 58) How do North American geese fly in V-formation?
- 59) North American geese have serrated bills for cutting through tough vegetation, how cool is that!
- 60) Geese have been known to live up to 24 years, that's incredibly old for a bird!
- 61) The sound of a goose's honk can be heard up to a mile away, it's incredible!
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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1. <u> B </u> | 26. <u> true </u> | 51. <u> exclamatory </u> |
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| 3. <u> B </u> | 28. <u> opinion </u> | 53. <u> interrogative </u> |
| 4. <u> D </u> | 29. <u> fact </u> | 54. <u> exclamatory </u> |
| 5. <u> A </u> | 30. <u> opinion </u> | 55. <u> declarative </u> |
| 6. <u> A </u> | 31. <u> fact </u> | 56. <u> interrogative </u> |
| 7. <u> D </u> | 32. <u> opinion </u> | 57. <u> exclamatory </u> |
| 8. <u> B </u> | 33. <u> fact </u> | 58. <u> interrogative </u> |
| 9. <u> B </u> | 34. <u> fact </u> | 59. <u> exclamatory </u> |
| 10. <u> C </u> | 35. <u> opinion </u> | 60. <u> exclamatory </u> |
| 11. <u> true </u> | 36. <u> opinion </u> | 61. <u> exclamatory </u> |
| 12. <u> true </u> | 37. <u> true </u> | 62. <u> exclamatory </u> |
| 13. <u> false </u> | 38. <u> false </u> | |
| 14. <u> true </u> | 39. <u> true </u> | |
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| 21. <u> false </u> | 46. <u> true </u> | |
| 22. <u> true </u> | 47. <u> declarative </u> | |
| 23. <u> true </u> | 48. <u> exclamatory </u> | |
| 24. <u> false </u> | 49. <u> exclamatory </u> | |
| 25. <u> false </u> | 50. <u> exclamatory </u> | |



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Use the article to answer the question.

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B. Grey
C.
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- 4) What color are goslings when they hatch? (paragraph 3)
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- 5) What color is the neck of a North American goose? (paragraph 1)
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