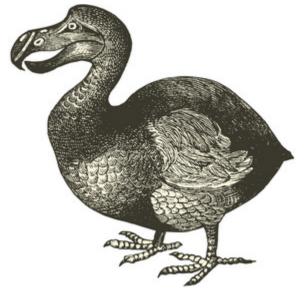
Let's go on a journey back in time to meet a curious bird named Dodo. This fascinating creature was quite large, about 3 feet tall, and had a big, hooked beak. Covered in grey or brownish feathers, this chubby bird had tiny wings that were too small for it to fly. Its blue-grey legs were strong and sturdy, perfect for its life on the ground.

Stomping around with those strong legs, the Dodo called the beautiful island of Mauritius, located in the Indian Ocean, home. It lived in the forested areas of the island, where it could find plenty of food. Speaking of food, this bird was not a picky eater at all, munching on fruits, seeds, nuts, and roots that it found on the ground. The Dodo didn't have to worry about finding food because it didn't have any natural predators on the island, that is, until humans arrived.



When humans discovered Mauritius in the late 1500s, life changed dramatically for our feathered friends. The

When humans discovered Mauritius in the late 1500s, life changed dramatically for our feathered friends. The Dodo was hunted for food by sailors, and the animals they brought with them, like dogs and pigs, destroyed their nests and ate their eggs. Sadly, within about 100 years of humans arriving on Mauritius, the Dodo was extinct. This means there are no Dodos left in the world today, only drawings and descriptions from those times give us an idea of what they looked like.



Despite its sad story, the Dodo still has lessons to teach us. It shows us how different each species on our planet is, and how important it is to protect them. The Dodo, with its unique inability to fly and lack of fear of humans, was very different from other bird species. Remembering the Dodo helps us understand that every creature, no matter how different, has its own place in the world's story.



#### Solve each problem.

#### Use the article to answer the question.

1) How big was the Dodo bird?

A. About 1 foot tall

C. About 5 feet tall

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2) What color were the Dodo bird's legs?

A. Yellow-orangeB. Black-whiteC. Blue-greyD. Pink-purple

3) Where did the Dodo bird live?

A. The mountains of HimalayaB. The island of MauritiusC. The deserts of AfricaD. The island of Madagascar

4) Are there any Dodo birds left today?

A. They are very rare, but a few still B. Yes, but only in zoos exist

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A. Big, hooked beakB. Sharp, curved beakC. Flat, wide beakD. Small, pointed beak

**10)** When did humans discover Mauritius?

A. In the early 1200s

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# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "I love to travel, my species can be found all over the world."



- 12) "I'm always on guard because of the many natural predators in my habitat."
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- 15) "I'm not that different from other bird species."
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- **20**) "I struggle to walk because of my weak legs."
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- 25) "Sadly, we couldn't survive the human intrusion and in about 100 years, there were no Dodos left, including me."
- **26**) "The animals that humans brought with them caused so much destruction, they even ate our eggs!"
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- **28**) "My colorful feathers are quite attractive."
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#### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 31) The Dodo was hunted by sailors and the animals they brought like dogs and pigs.
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- 33) Dodo birds called the island of Mauritius, in the Indian Ocean, home.
- 34) Dodo bird is the best bird because it ate fruits, seeds, nuts, and roots.
- 35) Dodo birds were quite large and around 3 feet tall.
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- **37**) There are no Dodos left in the world today.
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- **45**) The Dodo bird would eat seeds and nuts.
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- **48**) The Dodo bird liked to live in trees.
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- **50**) The Dodo bird was about 3 feet tall.

#### Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- 51) They're known for their inability to fly and unique appearance.
  - A. They were

B. They are

C. They have

D. They will

- 52) We'll never see a live dodo bird because they've all died out.
  - A. We will

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### Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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		Dodo Bird	Name:	
1.	26.	51.		
2.	27	52.		
3.	28	53.		
4.	29.	54.		
5.	30.	55		
6.	31.	56		
7.	32.	57.		
8.	33.	58.		
9.	34.	59.		
10.	35.	60.		
11.	36.	61.		
12.	37.	62.		
13.	38.			
14.	39.			
15.	40.			
16.	41.			
17.	42.			
18.	43.			
19.	44			
20.	45.			
21.	46.			
22.	47.			
23.	48.			

24.

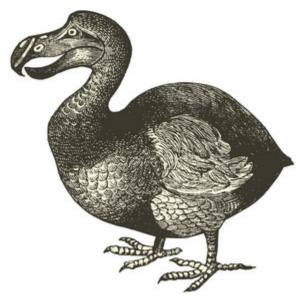
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Dodo Bird

Name: An

**Answer Key** 

1.	<b>D</b>	26.	true
2.	C	27.	true
3.	<u> </u>	28.	false
4.	C	29.	true
5.	<u> </u>	30.	true
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7.	<u>A</u>	32.	opinion
8.	C	33.	fact
9.	A	34.	opinion
10.	В	35.	fact
11.	false	36.	opinion
12.	false	37.	fact
13.	true	38.	fact
14.	false	39.	opinion
15.	false	40.	opinion
16.	false	41.	true
17.	true	42.	false
18.	true	43.	true
19.	true	44.	false
20.	false	45.	true
21.	false	46.	false
22.	false	47.	false
23.	true	48.	false
24.	false	49.	true
25.	true	50.	true

51.	В
52.	A
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54.	A
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В.

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Dodo Bird

Name:

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